

# VA #1 Joshua Tree National Park



This photograph shows the landscape of Joshua Tree National Park. The Joshua tree (*Yucca brevifolia*) is the largest and most common plant in the park.



## VA #2 Barstow-Vegas Wagon Trail





# VA #3 Life in the Amazon Rainforest





## VA #4 Life in the Mojave Desert





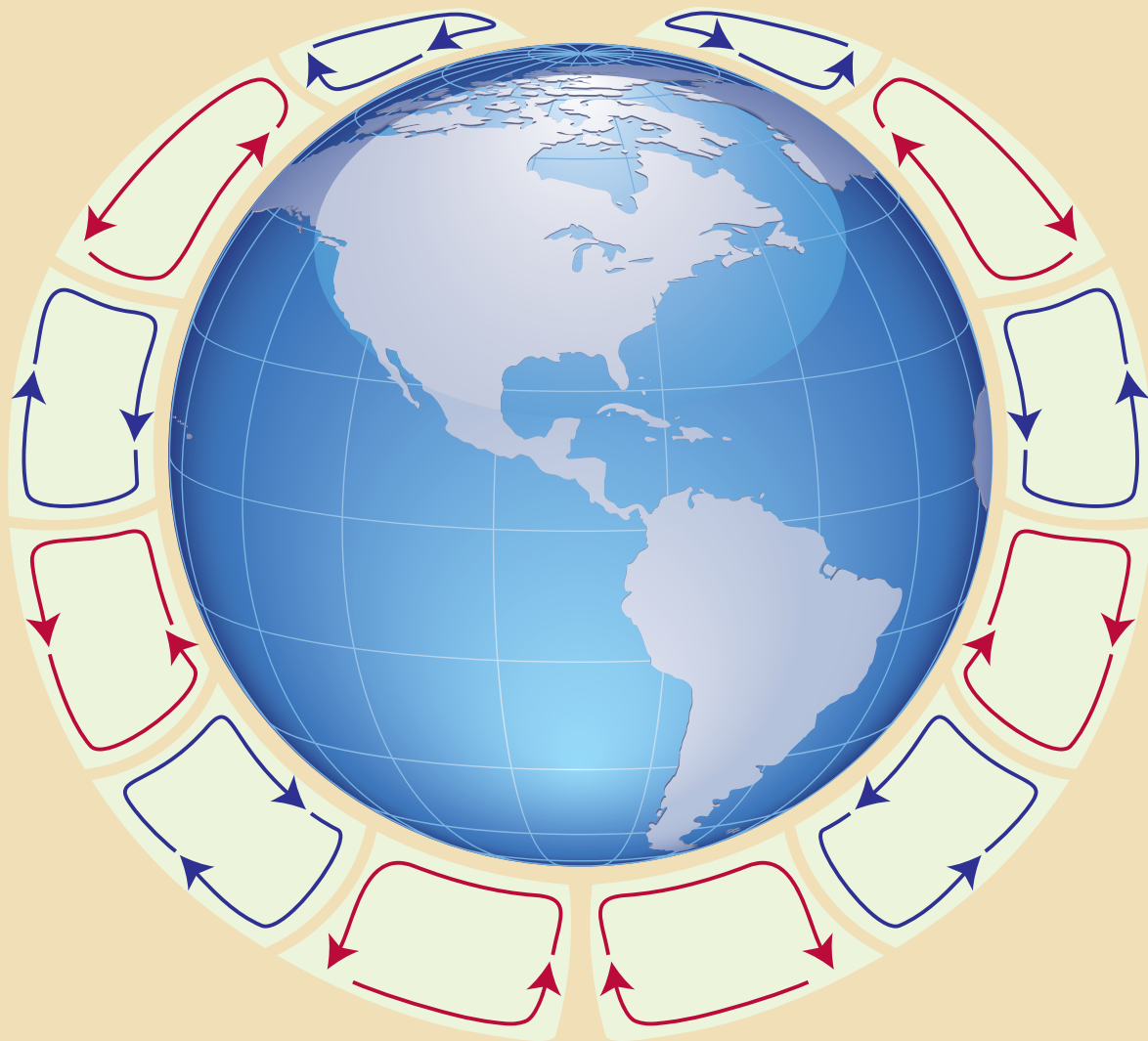
# VA #5 Latitude

**Latitude**



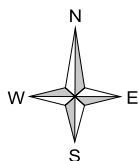
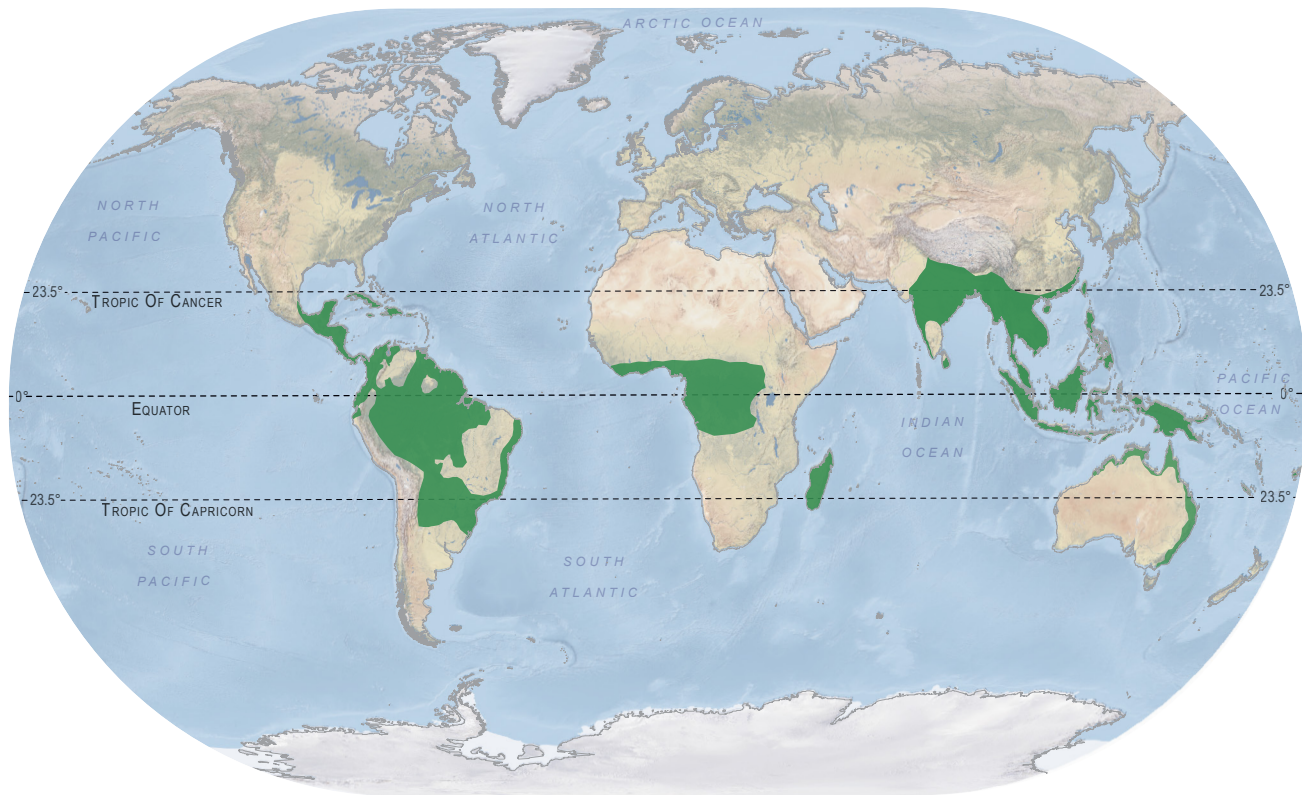


## VA #6 Global Convection Currents





# VA #7 Global Distribution of Rainforests

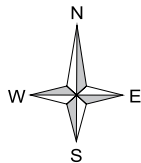
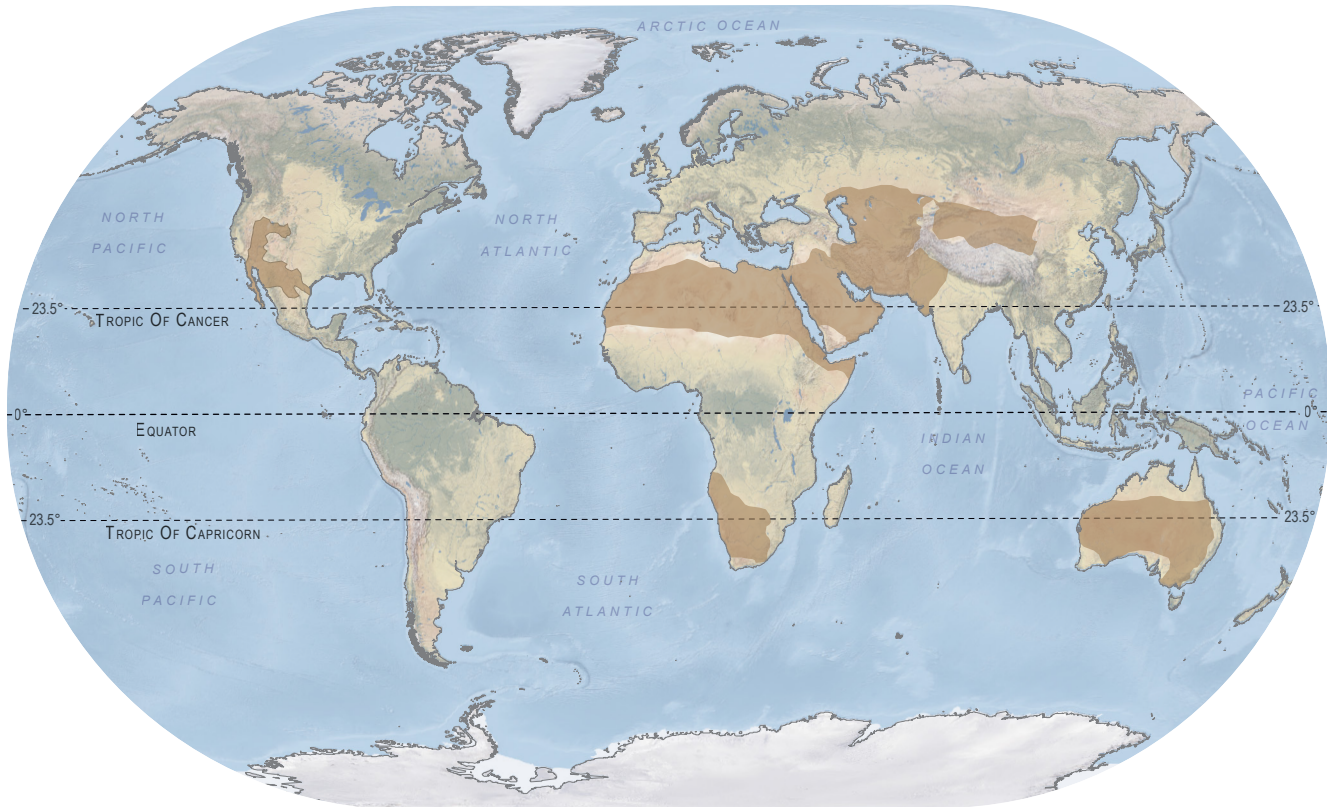


0 1,000 2,000 4,000  
Miles

 Rainforests



# VA #8 Global Distribution of Deserts



 Deserts

0 1,000 2,000 4,000  
Miles



VA #9 Rainforest Uses	
Ecosystems Goods (5 points)	
Trees	
Flowers	
Soil	
Water	
Oxygen	
Ecosystems Services (5 points)	
Oxygen production	
Carbon sequestration (long-term storage of carbon in forests, soil, and oceans)	
Erosion control	
Nutrient cycling	
Regulation of water cycle	
Human Uses (5 points)	
Timber for construction	
Agricultural crop seed sources	
Pharmaceutical/medicinal discovery sources	
Foodstuffs, including spices, nuts, and berries	
Roots of plants keep soil in plant and prevent erosion	



# VA #10 Solar and Wind Power from the Desert



**Solar Collectors**



**Wind Turbines**



# VA #11 Desert Uses

## Ecosystems Goods (5 points)

Land

Plants

Animals

Petroleum—crude oil

Minerals, precious metals, and gemstones

## Ecosystems Services (5 points)

Atmospheric services (for example heat, wind)

Water supply/storage

Potential for solar and wind power

Erosion control

Pollination by insects

## Human Uses (5 points)

Solar and wind energy

Recreation

Food production

Land for farming

Habitat for plants and animals

Land for development and housing

## VA #12 Human Activities in Rainforests





# VA #13 Border Between Haiti and Dominican Republic



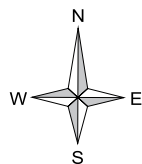
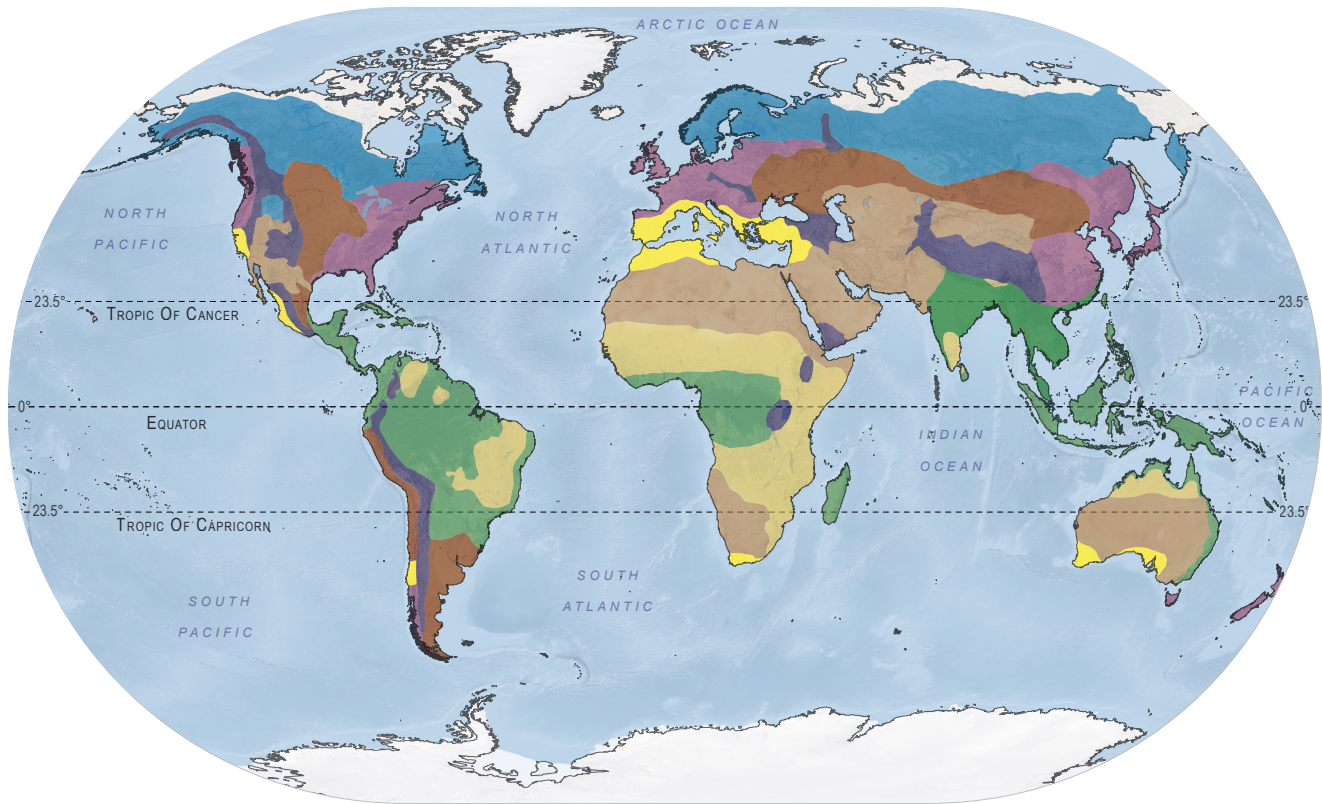


# VA #14 Human Activities in Deserts





# VA #15 World Biomes



Desert

Rainforest

Chaparral

Alpine

Taiga

Tundra/Polar

Deciduous Forest

Savanna

Grassland

0 1,000 2,000 4,000  
Miles

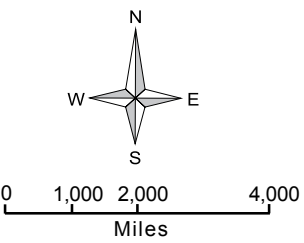
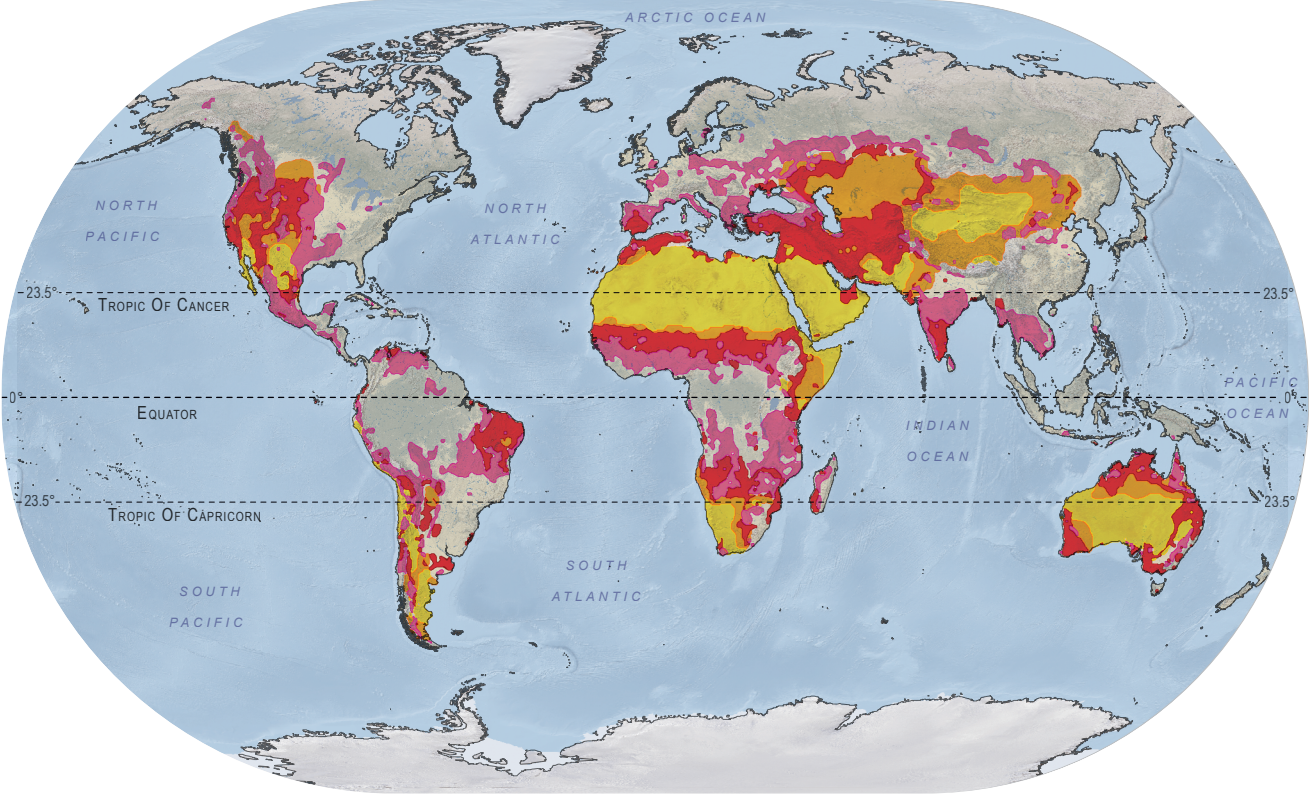


# VA #16 Ecosystem Recovery





# VA #17 Global Desertification Vulnerability Map



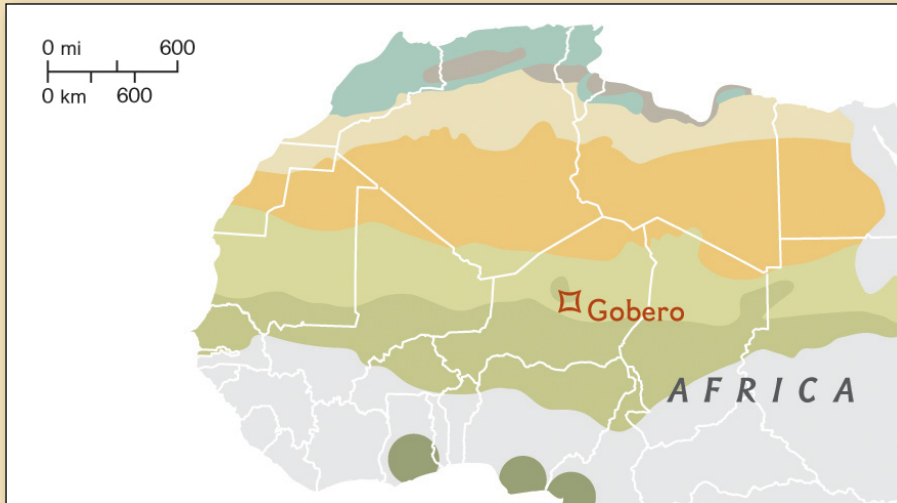
**REGIONS**

Yellow	Arid
Orange	Semi-Arid

**DESERTIFICATION VULNERABILITY**

Red	High
Pink	Moderate

# VA #18 Changing Boundaries of the Sahara Desert

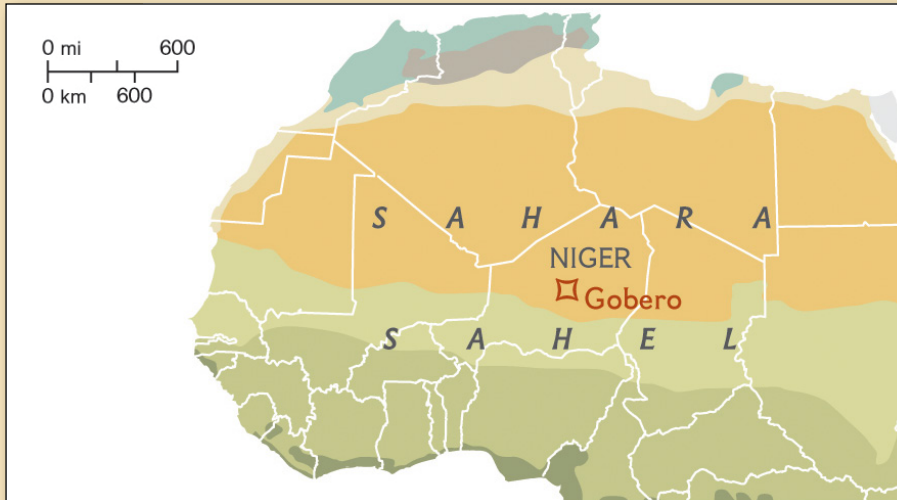


## Vegetation

- Forest
- Steppe
- Semidesert
- Desert
- Savanna
- Savanna and forest
- Rain forest
- No data

**Sahara 8,000 Years Ago**

Gobero – Ancient Burial Site



**Sahara Today**

Gobero – Ancient Burial Site



## VA #19 Artifacts of the Kiffian Culture



fishhook tool



spear tip

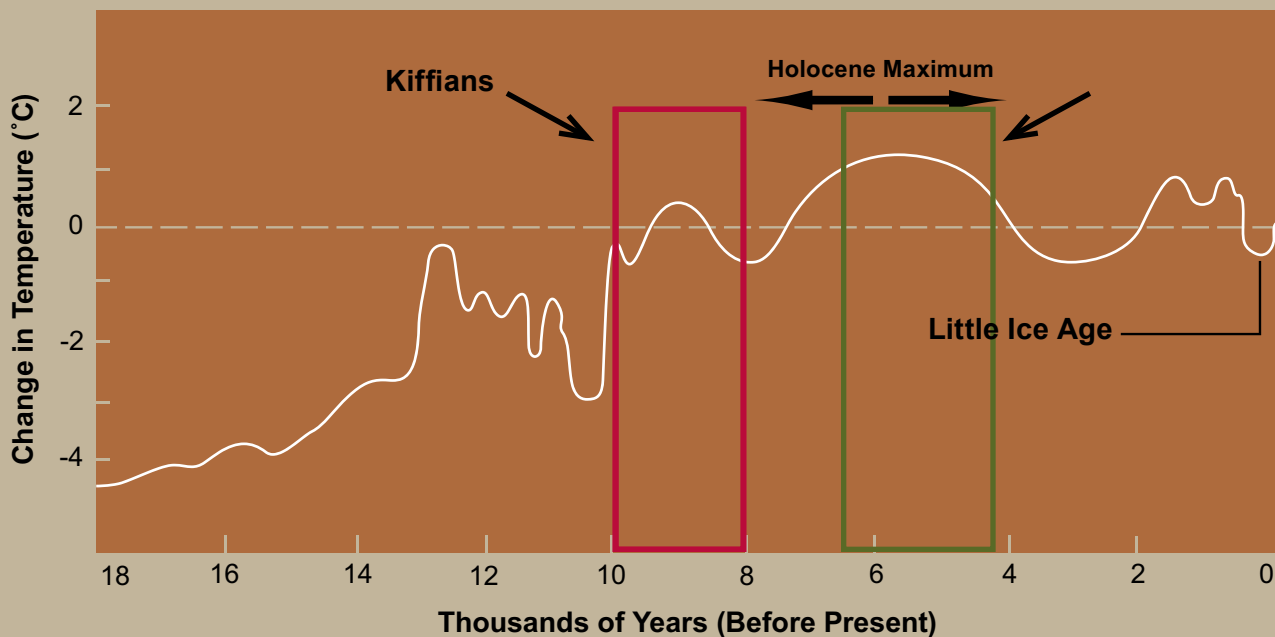


harpoon



harpoon

# VA #20 Global Temperature Change



Kiffian Culture lived in Green Sahara



Tenerian Culture lived in Green Sahara



## VA #21 Artifacts of the Tenerian Culture



arrowhead



tool from  
antelope knuckles



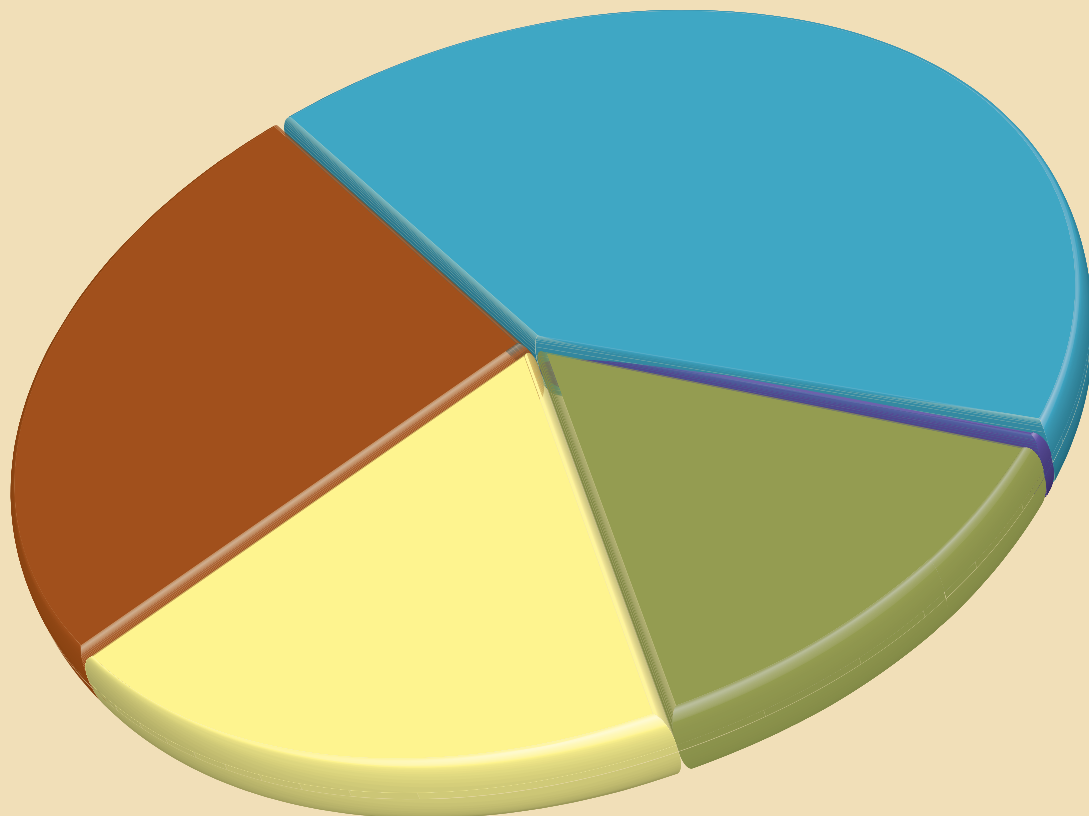
arrowhead






# VA #22 Mojave Desert Ecosystem





## VA #23 Who Manages California's Mojave Desert Lands?



-  Bureau of Land Management
-  National Park Service
-  Private Landowners/Municipalities
-  Department of Defense
-  State Parks/Fish and Game

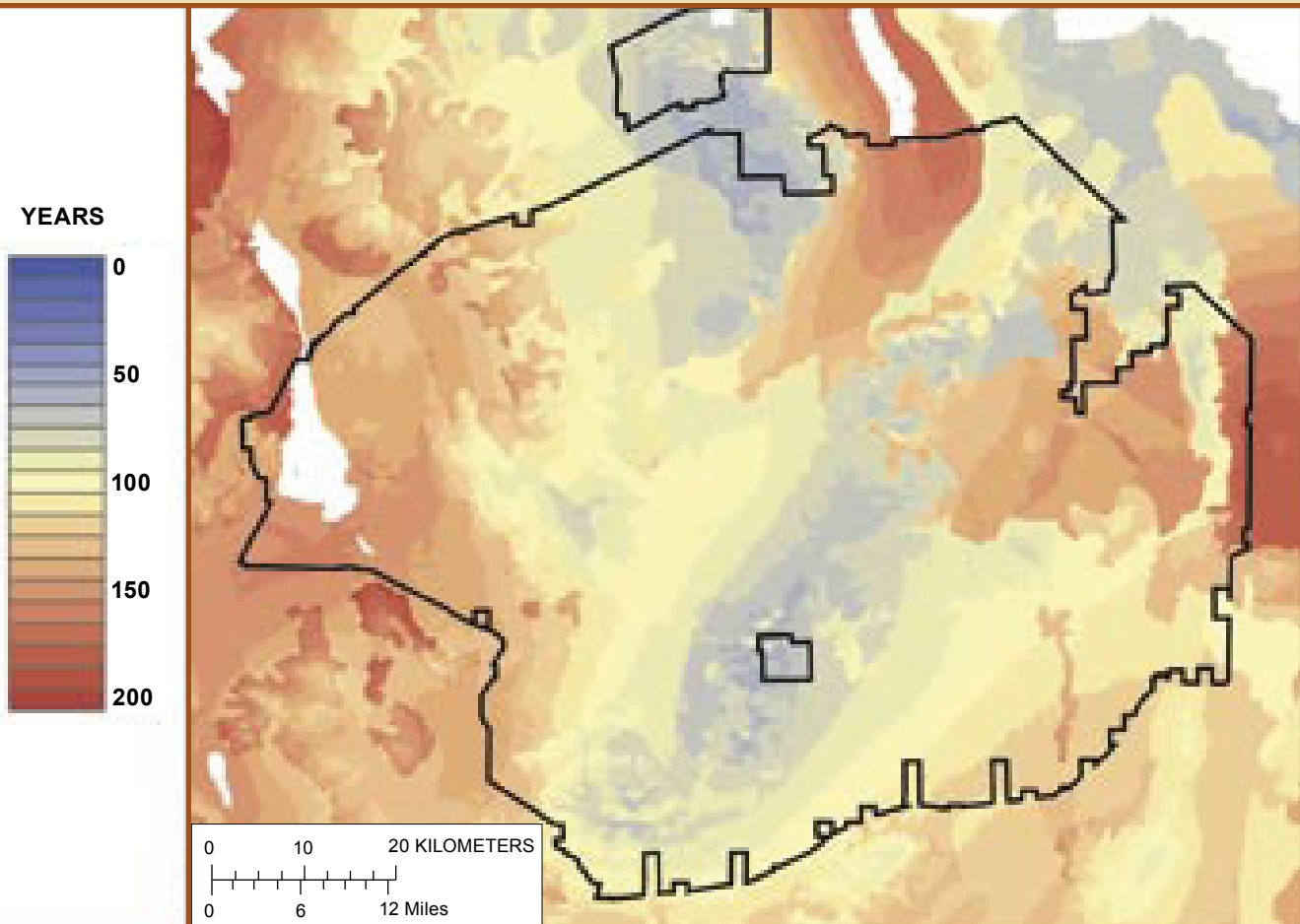


## VA #24 Desert Crusts





# VA #25 Spatial Map for Soil Compaction Recovery



Geospatial map of the USGS Recoverability and Vulnerability of Desert Ecosystems (RVDE) study site in the Mojave Desert shows the time necessary to recover from soil compaction.

Source: Used with permission of the U.S. Geological Survey.